

DIDSBURY PIONEER

VOL. XVI

DIDSBURY, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25th, 1918

No. 39

Big Victory in Palestine 25,000 Prisoners and 260 Guns Captured Bulgarians In Retreat

Last week General Allenby, commander of the British forces in Palestine, secured a big victory over the Germans and the Turks in Palestine, one of the most complete victories of this great war. The British forces captured over 25,000 prisoners and 260 guns and inflicted such severe casualties that the enemy forces are on the run. There are still a large number of prisoners and guns to be counted. With this sudden and unexpected blow at the enemy 40,000 men were trapped through the seizure of the last passages of the Jordan. The immediate effect of this bold stroke is the liberation of the Holy land as it is anticipated that now Gen. Allenby will have little difficulty in entirely clearing northern Palestine.

Another surprise of the war occurred within the last few days when the gallant little Serbian army came to life and defeated the Bulgarians in country that it was thought by all would be impossible for the Serbians to capture. They have cut the two Bulgarian armies in two and it will be difficult for the enemy to escape serious disaster. The whole Serbian line is rapidly moving on a front of a hundred miles, they have advanced over 40 miles since the drive began.

British and French forces are also advancing on the Macedonian front.

On the west front the Allies have made some more gains and they are gradually making the much advertised Hindenburg line untenable.

Help the Boys "Over There" by Saving Gasoline

The Allies need gasoline. Waste none of it on Sunday motoring for pleasure. He who uses it for this purpose stints those who are fighting our battles. It is the duty of all motor car owners to comply with the Fuel Controller's request to save "gas."

The safety of the State being the supreme law, personal enjoyment must give place to national necessity during war time. To save gasoline is to save money. It will also ensure a more adequate supply of "gas" for the needs of our war machine, which must lack no essential. To comply with the Fuel Controller's request will save \$150,000 on a single Sunday. In gasoline it will save hundreds of thousands of gallons. A word to the wise motor car owner is sufficient!

Local Casualties

Mr. and Mrs. C. Youngs, on the blind line, have received word that their brother, Pte. Geo. Youngs, has received gunshot wounds in the right arm and is now in a hospital in France. No further particulars have been received as to the severity of the wounds. Charlie had just received a letter from George telling of being in the trenches with a bunch of Didsbury boys amongst whom were Sergt. Lorne Good, Private Frank Kaufman and Private Blaine who were then getting along fine. The letter of course was written before George was wounded.

The many friends of Mr. J. W. Bicknell, a former well known resident of this district, will be sorry to learn that his son has died in France from gunshot wounds in the abdomen which he received on Sept. 2nd. He died on Sept. 4th.

Financial Report of Recent Institute Red Cross Sale

The following is the list of cash donations and receipts and expenditures connected with the recent big Red Cross sale, dinner and supper held by the Didsbury and Mountain View Women's Institutes.

CASH DONATIONS

C. Deadrick, \$25.00; A. Robertson, \$25.00; N. Clarke, \$10.00; Mrs. Mader, \$10.00; E. C. Stevens, \$5.00; C. Wilson, \$10.00; Mrs. E. St. Clair, \$5.00; Alvin Hunsperger, \$5.00; Jas. Hughes, \$10.00; Mrs. H. W. Greenhill, \$5.00; P. Wilson, \$2.00; Mrs. P. Wilson, \$1.00; Mrs. E. E. Wilson, \$1.00; Dave Sinclair, \$5.00; Mrs. Rosenberger, 50c; Mrs. Eli Snyder, 50c; Mrs. J. H. Brown, \$5.00; Miss Ferguson, 25c; Mrs. O. Stauffer, \$1.00; Andrew Olsen, \$5.00; Mrs. F. Ault, 2.00; Mrs. Mona Deadrick, \$1.00; Shantz Bros., 2.00; W. Leigh, \$5.00; Mrs. W. M. Wilson, \$2.00; Mrs. Tipples, \$2.00; Mrs. Wm. Adams, \$2.00; Mrs. Simon, \$2.50; Mrs. Perrin, \$2.00; Mrs. Scheidt, \$2.00; Mrs. Shackleford, \$3.00; Miss E. Butts, \$3.00; Mrs. Krebs, \$1.00; Otto Klein, \$2.00; Mrs. L. Edwards, \$2.00; Mrs. Dan Dippel, \$2.00; Mrs. V. Shantz, \$1.00; Miss W. Nelson, \$1.00; Abner Hunsperger, 25c; L. Wrigglesworth, \$10; Mrs. S. Weigand, \$2.50.

RECEIPTS

Cash donations.....\$181.00
Total Sale and Auction..... 438.10
Dinner, Supper, Ice Cream..... 207.50

Total \$826.60

EXPENDITURE

H. E. Osmond.....\$ 14.40
N. A. Cook..... 11.20
Williams & Little..... 4.20
Cream..... 2.25
A. G. Studer..... 2.50
H. W. Chambers..... 15.75

\$ 50.30

Check for Red Cross..... 776.30

Total \$826.60

The officers and workers of the Institutes are to be congratulated

Kitchener was right

when he said—

"Either the Civilian population must go short of many things to which it is accustomed in times of peace or our armies must go short of munitions and other things indispensable to them."

NOW, the only way we can possibly live up to that obligation is by going without in order that our soldiers may have. For the money we waste is not money at all—it is equipment, clothing, shot and shell that are urgently needed in France.

By denying ourselves, therefore, we enable Canada to procure to the fullest extent the materials and labor which she and our Allies need for the successful prosecution of the war.

What happens when we fail to save?

A pull on labor by the Government in one direction and a pull on labor by the people in the opposite

direction. Hundreds of millions of dollars are of no use to the country if goods and services can be secured only to the extent of eighty millions of dollars. So we must do everything in our power to release both goods and labor for the purposes for which Canada needs them.

WHETHER it be food, coal, wool, steel, leather, labor or transportation, the result in all cases is the same. Whoever competes with the nation by freely satisfying his own desires, selfishly appropriates to his own use that which is so urgently required for our fighting men in France.

For the sake of your country and the boys "over there," spend cautiously. Think of what Lord Kitchener has said, and ask yourself first, "Is this something I really need or can I do without it?"

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Minister of Finance of Canada

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for the fine returns donated to the Red Cross. Their hard work in making the affair the success it was will be rewarded by the thought that many a poor suffering man will be eased by the comforts and necessities that this amount will bring.

The Methodist Church Westerdale

From the status of a mission to that of a self-supporting church is a commendable move at any time, but particularly so in such strenuous times as the present, and yet this is the forward step taken by the Westerdale Methodist church for the year 1918-1919.

Progress is the keyword for the church's future activities.

Believing that the biggest form of character development is foursquare—religious, mental, social and physical, steps are being taken to meet this requirement of life. With this in view the following is the suggested programme of work for the winter. It is set forth with the sincere desire that all who are interested will co-operate to insure success.

(1) A—The usual Sunday services. B—Beginning September 29th a special Sunday evening service every two weeks at Westerdale which will be helpful and interesting. C—Special talks to children at all services. D—Mid-week prayer service at the parsonage every Wednesday at 8.30 p.m. E—An emphasis upon the religious ideal in every phase of church activity.

(2) Religious, mental, social, physical. A—Boys. An organiza-

tion for boys embracing the fourfold development idea. Every meeting sufficiently varied to make it interesting, and will aim to develop the boys in leadership and ability along a variety of lines. B—Girls. An organization similar to the above with a view to meeting more definitely the requirements of a girl's life. These two organizations will be under capable and efficient leadership and will meet once a week at the parsonage. Parents desiring uplifting and helpful training for their children in addition to the pleasant times these gatherings will afford are asked to co-operate in all ways possible. C—Young People. An organization to meet the needs of young men and women based on plans similar to the above. Clean athletics and sports will be encouraged. Programmes will be varied and interesting.

The church is anxious to be of real value to the young people, and the pastor would be very glad if they will co-operate with him in this endeavor.

We realize that this programme cannot be a success without the sympathy and co-operation of the people. Our church wishes to be a vital force in the community. If you believe we are heading in the right direction, help us along that we may approximate the ideal of the Master who grew in wisdom (intellectual) and in stature (physical) and in favor with God (religious) and with man (social).

Further announcements to be made at a later date.

BUSINESS LOCALS

50¢ A LINE IN ADVANCE IN THIS COLUMN

No advertisement taken for less than 25c.

ON OCT. 1st the Maple Leaf Flour Mills will be open to do custom grinding. We will grind rye for substitutes as well as wheat. Get your flour at first cost. We guarantee satisfaction. We pay 10c for good second-hand jute sacks. The Maple Leaf Flour Mills, Didsbury. 2p39

WILL TRADE a good Holstein cow for hay. See me. M. Weber, Didsbury. 2p39

WOOD WANTED—Good dry block fire wood wanted. Apply Pioneer office.

WATCH FOUND—An open faced watch, found on Shantz Ave., Didsbury. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for this ad. at the Pioneer office. 38

FOR SALE—Two thoroughbred registered Duroc Jersey boar pigs for sale, farrowed April 14th, 1918. Apply Fisher Bros., phone 411, Didsbury. 2-38

FOR SALE—High class mission oak buffet, extension dining table and 6 chairs, Morris chair, rich Wilton rug 10 x 13, Singer sewing machine, and piano in Leuzler block, also buggy, surrey, single and double driving harness. R. B. Martin, Box 3, Didsbury, Alta. 37c4

WELL DRILLING—Fully equipped to do all kinds of well drilling. Steel and galvanized casing supplied. 15 years experience. For terms apply to W. H. Stephens, Didsbury. 4p34

Dr. M. Mecklenburg, the old reliable graduate, long experienced and well established Optician, will again be at the Rosebud hotel, Sat. day, **OCTOBER 26th**; also at Olds, Victoria Hotel, Friday, **OCTOBER 25th**. Do not fail to see him.



A Roast that is tender, juicy and fine flavored, all the family will enjoy, and it is healthful and nutritious as well. We handle

The Best Meats

When you buy of us you can be sure of getting choice cuts, fresh, clean and good.

We merit your patronage

Why eat pork when we are selling Choice Light Quarters at Reasonable Prices

N. A. COOK, Butcher LEUZLER BLOCK
TELEPHONE 127



Soft White Hands

Follow use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment. At night bathe them with the soap and hot water. Dry and rub in the ointment. Wear old gloves during night. Sample Each Free by Mail. Address postcard: "Cuticura, Dept. N, Boston, U.S.A." Sold by dealers throughout the world.

German Vandalism

In Vengeful Fury Huns Hack French Homes to Pieces

Evidence accumulates that during their brief success in the Marne salient the Germans have been again indulging in wholesale acts of vandalism. In a message sent from French army headquarters, Reuter's correspondent gives details of their conduct while in possession of Chateau-Thierry.

The Germans were in the town for some time and apparently thought they would remain there indefinitely. When they found they would have to give it up, they immediately determined to take the only vengeance in their power. The injuries which have been inflicted on the town are such as could not be the result of shelling, the correspondent points out, as those houses which suffered most were entirely uninjured by shell, shrapnel or bullets.

"These houses," he said, "were magnificently furnished, the walls hung with costly tapestries and admirable pictures. The furniture is of exceptional elegance and impressive mirrors and charming statuettes were numerous."

"Today there is nothing that has not been destroyed. The tapestries have been hacked to pieces, the pictures slit from corner to corner, the leather and other chair covers have been ripped from their frames and all the delicate marquetry and the irreplaceable examples of craftsmanship of past centuries have been smashed. The legs have been torn off the tables and used in further work of destruction. There is not a mirror which has not been broken, and the glass and china flung at them lie in fragments before them."

"The costly carpets have been soiled and rent in every possible way and ink pots flung at the silken papers on the walls. This vengeful fury has been carried to the extent of smashing nurseries and dolls' houses. The fashion in which beds and rooms have been defiled is difficult of description. It would seem the work of lunatics."

Its Wisdom Equals Its Rarity

Foch's tactics are a puzzle even to his countrymen. He seems to be one of those rare leaders who carry out their plans first and make them public afterwards.—Detroit News.



Children Like

the attractive flavor of the healthful cereal drink

POSTUM

And it's fine for them too, for it contains nothing harmful—only the goodness of wheat and pure molasses.

Postum is now regularly used in place of tea and coffee in many of the best of families.

Wholesome economical and healthful. "There's a Reason"

W. N. U. 1223

Tasks at Home

Gaze on the Profiteers in Every Walk of Life

Much more than defeating the Germans will have to be done before democracy is made safe for the world. Our tasks will not need to be performed in foreign lands, but at home: not in the capital of the nation, not in Olympia, but in ourselves. And as we look out and gaze on the profiteers in every walk of life, from the packing-house multimillionaire who fattens off the food of the people, to the worker who labors for double time Saturday afternoon and Sunday and lays off Monday; when we see the food hoarder, the slacker, the slicker; when we see every man justifying his profits and denouncing those of his fellow-man; when we note class struggling against class, even at a time when destiny is poised on a hair balance, we can get some idea of what we have to do besides defeating the Germans. We have to establish a democracy here at home according to the concept of the democracy with which we propose to endow the earth, and we will have to do it without any of the short-lived stimulus that accompanies war. —From the Seattle Post Intelligencer.

A Standard Medicine.—Parnelle's Vegetable Pills, compounded of entirely vegetable substances known to have a revivifying and salutary effect upon the digestive organs, have through years of use attained so eminent a position that they rank as a standard medicine. The ailing should remember this. Simple in their composition, they can be assimilated by the weakest stomach and are certain to have a healthful and agreeable effect on the sluggish digestive organs.

Brisk Building Activities in Cities

Building operations in the cities of Western Canada have been much brisker this year than any year since the beginning of the war. This condition promises to continue.

At Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan, the value of the permits issued up to the ninth day of July was more than double the value of those issued during the corresponding month of last year. These figures are generally not available until the end of the month, but there is no doubt that other cities in Western Canada have an equally good showing in regard to building activity.

Minard's Liniment for Sale Everywhere.

Conscription In Newfoundland

Women Have Replaced Men on the Farms

Newfoundland's conscription law which went into effect recently, has operated so effectively that today the Newfoundland regiment is recruited to full war strength. It is not expected that a second draft call will be made until autumn, at the close of the season for fishing. Newfoundland's vital industry. Women have replaced men on the farms, but as this is not possible on the fishing boats, the man-power for military service is limited.

Some resistance to the law was experienced, but the evaders were rounded up by military patrols. Nearly all those forcibly taken accepted the alternative of enlisting rather than go to jail for two to five years, the penalty for failure to register.

As a vermifuge there is nothing so potent as Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, and it can be given to the most delicate child without fear of injury to the constitution.

How to Control Wild Mustard

Various Methods of Cultivation to Check Spread of the Weed

On a number of farms in Dundas county where the commission of conservation is conducting illustration work on farms, various methods of cultivation are being tried to check the spread of wild mustard. On fields where corn was grown last year and where grain was sown this spring, part of the land was plowed and part was thoroughly cultivated only, before seeding. On fields where the corn was kept clean last summer and no mustard was allowed to go to seed, the cultivated portion shows much less mustard this year than is to be seen in the grain on the land which was plowed, while the stand of grain is equally as good on the cultivated portion of the field.

There are two things to be looked for in this comparison: note which part of the field gives the best grain crop and which is freer from mustard. If this test is contemplated on your farm next spring, by all means see that the mustard in your crop of corn is not allowed to go to seed. There are many similar simple tests that any farmer might conduct. The way to find out if a thing is good is to try it out, on a small scale at first, on your own farm. Do not plunge headlong into some new thing the first time you hear of it. Try things side by side so that a comparison may be made.

Shock Troops Aid Farmers

Are Busy in American Wheat Fields as Well as on Battle Front

"Shock troops" are busy in American wheat fields, as well as on the western battle front. When the German war lords command an advance at any cost, shock troops are sent forward to buy yards of ground with thousands of lives, but the American agricultural "shock troops" advance in a different manner. They are town men who have volunteered to help farmers cut and shock their wheat, and thus are doing their part in making the battle line firm.

Here are two instances, reported to the United States department of agriculture, of how towns and cities are helping to meet the need for harvest workers on American farms:

A South Dakota county has organized all its towns. When labor is needed all business places close early and the town men go in automobiles to every quarter of the country. When they come to fields cut but not shocked they get out and shock and then proceed to other fields needing them. They don't talk about pay or who is doing the work. "If the farmer wants to donate the money which he would spend for labor to the Red Cross that is his business," says a letter from South Dakota, "and I think that is where most of the money will go."

"Shock troops" are cutting and shocking wheat in Warrick county, Indiana, also. Volunteer business men, clerks and laborers in the towns finish their town work and then are taken in automobiles to help the farmers. In one evening forty men shocked more than eighty acres of wheat.

These forces have been arranged through co-operation of farm help specialists of the United States department of agriculture, county agents, county councils of defense and other bodies.

Good-bye to Asthma. Persons suffering from that extremely trying trouble known as asthma know what it is to long with all their hearts for escape as from a tyrant. Never do they know when an attack may come and they know that to struggle unaided is vain. With Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy at hand, however, they can say good-bye to their enemy and enjoy life again. It helps at once.

1,230,175 Pounds of Fish Caught

Statistics of the Western Canadian fish trade for the month of June, issued by the Canada food board, show that during the four weeks ending June 29 inland shipments amounted to 175,149 pounds; export shipments 467,568, and fish on hand 569,458 pounds, making a total marketable catch for the four weeks of 1,240,175 pounds for the three Prairie Provinces.

This is to certify that I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT in my family for years, and consider it the best liniment on the market. I have found it excellent for horse flesh.

(Signed) W. S. PINEO.

"Woodlands," Middleton, N.S.

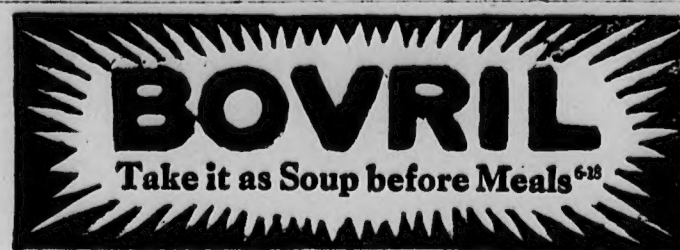
China Building Ships

China has been added to the list of nations building merchant ships to help defeat Germany. The U. S. shipping board has awarded to the Chinese government yard at Shanghai contracts for four cargo vessels of 10,000 tons each, and took options on the building of 80,000 more tons. The entire program will involve the expenditure of perhaps \$30,000,000. Approximately 35,000 tons of steel will be shipped from the U. S., the engines, and other equipment will be built in China. Deliveries are to begin six months after the steel is received.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Cleaning machinery is being installed in some of the grain elevators that are being erected this year. With this facility foul seeds taken from grain will be immediately available for farmers who want to use them for stock feed, and the expense of hauling them to the lake front and back again will be saved.

Eat less Bread



Clear the Skin

A beautiful complexion is the outward mark of good blood and a healthy body. When the stomach, liver and blood are in good order, the skin is clear and lovely. Unsightly blotches, pimples, eruptions and sallowness show the need of Beecham's Pills to stimulate and regulate the vital organs and improve the circulation. Good health and better looks soon follow the use of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

are worth a guinea a box

Sold everywhere in Canada and U. S. America. In boxes, 25 cents.

Prosperity Reigns

In the North

Ideal Weather Condition Favors the Farmer and He Is Happy

The northern parts of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba are enjoying considerable prosperity. The crop outlook is exceedingly favorable. The following report, clipped from the Prince Albert Herald a few days ago, referring to a small town in Northern Saskatchewan, also describes conditions prevailing in numerous other districts in the central and northern parts of the three provinces:

"Crops are fifty per cent. ahead of last year at this date. Wheat is well along in the shot blade stage and growing very fast. Rye is in head early sown barley in shot blade. Grazing for all stock excellent. All grasses, tame and wild abundant, cattle look fine. The abundance of green feed and the absence of flies and gnats makes the flow of milk away ahead of past seasons."

"The number of hogs in this district is more than treble of last year and they are in a healthy, thriving condition."

"Breaking is in full swing and the amount of new land for cultivation next year will be ten to one of previous years. The recent rains have put the land in first class condition for breaking. Two horse, three horse, four horse, six horse outfits and tractors can be seen turning over the wild lands in all directions."

Up-to-Date Towns

An instance of the up-to-dateness of the towns of Western Canada is shown in a by-law which has been passed by the town of Cabri, Saskatchewan. This by-law stipulates that all buildings on the main street of the town must be of brick, stone or cement.

HOW'S THIS FOR CORNS? LIFTS 'EM OUT QUICK

You can peel your corns off, lift them out by the roots, do it without pain and quickly, too, if you first apply a few drops of Putnam's Corn Extractor. Putnam's shrivels up the corn, makes it look like dead skin, uproots it completely. The beauty about Putnam's Extractor is this—it acts without pain—does its work quickly and costs but a quarter in any drug store in the land. Get it today.

Profit in Hogs

Farmers of Western Canada Receive More for Their Hogs

For many months the prices ruling for hogs at Calgary, Alberta, have almost invariably been higher than those ruling at the leading markets of the United States. This means that the farmer in Alberta has a greater margin of profit in hog raising than his neighbor to the south. Not only is he obtaining more for his hogs, but his cost of production is considerably less. He is raising equally large crops of the most satisfactory hog foods—oats, barley, alfalfa, etc.—on land which represents an investment of a comparatively small sum. Moreover, losses from disease are almost unknown. Notwithstanding the increased number of hogs now available for marketing as a result of the campaign for greater production conducted last year, prices well above eighteen dollars a hundred are being obtained. This represents an advance of from four to five dollars a hundred over prices ruling at this time last year.

If a man refuses to set an example he is foolish if he expects the world to have a good opinion of him.



Ability Rewarded

Ability Bound to Be Recognized Whether in Field or Factory

Lord Leverhulme is an entertaining speaker. Late at a meeting he was expatiating on the necessity of each man doing his very best, and said it was his belief that ability was bound to be recognized and get its due reward, whether in the field or factory.

He then told a story of a cannibal chief who had "converted" a missionary into an Irish stew. The report evidently did not agree with the chief, who had to leave the royal table rather hurriedly.

"That," said Lord Leverhulme, "is exactly my theory. You can't keep a good man down."

KEEP CHILDREN WELL DURING HOT WEATHER

Every mother knows how fatal the hot summer months are to small children. Cholera infantum, diarrhoea, dysentery and stomach troubles are rife at this time and often a precious little life is lost after only a few hours illness. The mother who keeps Baby's Own Tablets in the house feels safe. The occasional use of the Tablets prevents stomach and bowel troubles, or if the trouble comes suddenly—as it generally does—the Tablets will bring the baby safely through. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Record Prices

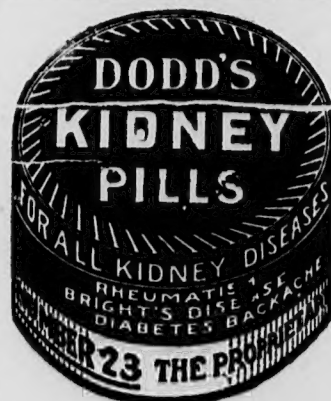
For Cars of Flax

Valuable Cars of Flax Sold by Farmers of Western Canada

Some valuable cars of flax have lately been disposed of by farmers of Western Canada. The honor of having shipped the most valuable car was claimed for Champion, Alberta, when a car from there was sold at Winnipeg for \$5,627.76. This car contained 1,466 bushels, or 82,096 pounds of flax.

It appears, however, that the price received for the contents of this car was by no means a record one for Western Canada. From Lethbridge, Alberta, recently a car was shipped on which the sender received \$5,725, after payment of freight and handling charges. The contents of another car—from Harris, Saskatchewan—have probably sold for the highest price. The amount realized on this car was \$6,475.

The average annual fire loss in the United States is about two dollars for each inhabitant.



The Didsbury Pioneer

H. E. OSMOND, Prop.

Subscription: \$1.50 per year
U. S. Points: \$2.00 per year

The Mail Order Catalogue

Under the caption "Trading With Toronto," the Peterborough, Ont., Review again points the moral that the best way to meet the mail order competition is to fight advertising with advertising. We reprint the editorial herewith, trusting that it may make an impression on some of our merchants:

"Several dray loads of the trade catalogues of a well-known department store in Toronto have just been delivered in Peterborough. The post office is cluttered up with these volumes, every one of which weighs over a pound, and the letter carriers are weighted down with them on their rounds. The rural mail deliverers, too, are finding their duties somewhat more than doubled for a few days in the work of distribution, as a large percentage of these catalogues go to the country."

"Every such catalogue so received is a dead loss to the city as it will divert money to Toronto, money that would be better invested at home. And the pity of it is that anything listed in the catalogue can be secured in Peterborough on terms just as advantageous as those offered by the department store. It is the advertising that draws the custom to the larger centre, and the tide can be turned by the home merchants making the same free use of printer's ink."

The Deliverer

A great many people imagine that peace can be secured by war. Over and over again the declaration is made that this war must be prosecuted until the repetition of such a dread calamity is made impossible. The theory appears to be that the war spirit resides somewhere in Germany, probably is distributed among the German people, and if we keep on long enough at the work of killing Germans, in the process the war spirit himself will be destroyed.

This theory is entirely false. In the first place the habitation of the war spirit is not confined to Germany. While we agree that Germany was his chief abode and the centre of his authority, it is undoubted that his presence was wide-

ly diffused throughout the world. In the second place a spirit cannot be destroyed by shot or shell, by fire or sword. A spirit is only vulnerable to spiritual weapons, and in the case of a spirit so powerful as the one of which we speak, only to those of the most potent kind. In fact it is only by summoning to our aid another and more powerful spirit that we can be delivered from the evil spirit of war.

The champion to whose coming and influence we must look for our deliverance is the spirit of love. That is not to say that the war is unnecessary. As far as we can see, it is most necessary. God is love, and it is by love that God heals and saves the souls of men. But His judgments have their place. Often it is necessary that He should smite before He can heal and it is by suffering that men's hearts are prepared to receive the outpouring of His loving kindness. No doubt Germany needed the terrible lesson that she is destined to receive. Perhaps we all needed in measure the lesson that the war is teaching. Men in general have refused to see that war is in itself an evil thing. How were they to learn the lesson?

"Apparently only by a world-devastating, world-shattering war, not a short war but a long one, not a cheap war but an expensive one, so expensive that the richest nations of the world will be left bankrupt, not a local war but a war stretching around the whole earth, that the entire human race may be made to realize what war really is." Thank God that men of leading everywhere are beginning to band themselves together in the determination that wars must, somehow or other, be brought to an end.

But that determination will not be realized if the desired end is sought only in a negative way. The war spirit cannot be driven out unless a new spirit is brought in. In other words, if the nations say, "we will not again fight one another," they are not likely to keep their resolution unless they fortify it by trying to know one another, to appreciate one another's qualities, and to seek one another's good. In what a half-hearted way were efforts of this kind put forth before the war! In what country did we ever hear of Parliament or Congress appropriating a few millions for the purpose of cultivating national friendships? How feebly the endeavors of the few peacemakers among the national leaders were re-

sponded to! We must change all that after the war.

What we have said applies to Germany as well as to other nations. That Germany must be defeated and brought to repentance is plain. But we should pray for that day to come quickly and welcome it when it comes. And when it does come we should forgive as God forgives and for evil return good. In no other way can the hateful, cruel, selfish spirit that has made the war and plunged the world in tears and blood be finally cast out.—The Presbyterian and Westminster.



Lost, Strayed or Estray ads. \$1.50 for three insertions in the Pioneer--they bring results.

STRAYED—\$5.00 REWARD
On or about May 1st, 1918, a red, two year old steer, branded EC on right ribs, from C. Youngs farm on blind line west. The above reward will be paid for information leading to recovery or return of above animal. C. Youngs, phone 402, Didsbury.

ADOPT THEM
Adopt the use of Classified Want Ads. They have proved money makers for others. They are appreciated by the buyer, as they enable him to quickly locate the place where he can find his requirements. Will he find your business represented?



Different Kinds of Heat

Your furnace should not only give you plenty of heat, but the right quality of heat.

Some houses would be better without any heat than the kind their furnaces give them.

If you study the Sunshine Furnace you will know what the right kind of heat is and how to get it.

— For Sale by —

W. G. LIESEMER
McClary's
Sunshine
Furnace

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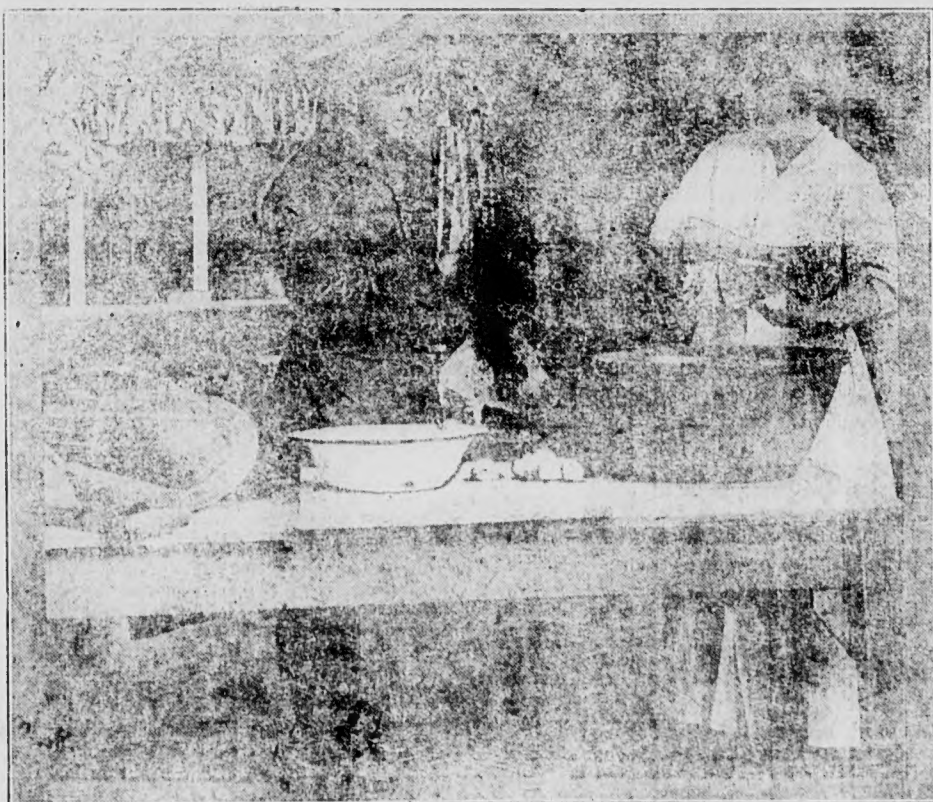
DIDSBURY

ALBERTA

CANADA'S RANK AS A CATTLE PRODUCER

HOLLAND	29
DENMARK	25
GERMANY	16
GREAT BRITAIN	16
FRANCE	12
ITALY	10
AUSTRALIA	8
UNITED STATES	8
CANADA	6

COMPARED WITH OTHER NATIONS ON THE BASIS OF THE NUMBER OF ANIMALS TO THE HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND IN FARMS



FOOD ECONOMY IN GREAT BRITAIN.

Making potato bread in an English farmhouse by mixing "rices" potatoes with flour.

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New York City, 1911-1914
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LOST—\$5.00 REWARD

On Sunday, 1st Sept., 1918, from Sec. 30, Tp. 31, Rge. 28, W. 4th Mer., iron grey mare, 5 years old, star in forehead, weight about 1150 lbs. \$5.00 reward offered for recovery of said mare. R. Bulmer, Didsbury.

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MANAGER

FORMATION OF LEAGUE OF NATIONS TO PRESERVE PEACE OF WORLD

MR. ASQUITH PRAISES WILSON'S WAR ATTITUDE

Says That U. S. President Has Taken the Greatest Decision
Of the Age and has Successfully Carried His People
With Him In It

Herbert H. Asquith, former premier of Great Britain, in an address recently in London at the National Liberal Club, praised President Wilson's leadership in the war and his advocacy of a league of nations after the war. The occasion was a "hospitality dinner to American officers," at which 500 prominent Englishmen were present.

Vice-Admiral Sims, commander of the American naval forces in the war zone, paid tribute to the co-operation of the British and American navies, and declared:

"The submarine menace is now at an end, for we are destroying them faster than the Germans can build them."

Major-General Biddle, commander of the American forces in England, evoked long cheers when he announced that American troops were stationed at from seventy to eighty different points in England and Scotland.

Mr. Asquith, in the course of his speech said:

"The United States as a nation has had the very good fortune that in the supreme crisis of her national history the man whom she most needed for inspiration and guidance has always appeared. Thus came Washington and Lincoln. Washington and Lincoln are illustrious names which have passed into history. We must not attempt to anticipate history's judgment upon men still living, but I will venture to say that President Wilson has been the head of the American government in times no less trying than any in its annals."

"President Wilson has taken the greatest decision of our age and has carried his people with him in it. Moreover, he has laid before the world the grounds for his decision, the reasons which justified and compelled it and the spirit in which it was adopted. He has done this in state papers which are worthy to live side by side with the most inspiring utterances of his most famous predecessors."

"It is one thing to embrace a good cause. It is another to push it to a victorious issue. If a nation is to hold its own on the battlefield these days, it must be equipped on the sea and land with the strongest battalions, the best and fastest ships, adequate organization of transport and supply, and even with a superiority in all the manifold mechanical devices for aggression and defence which the hellish ingenuity of modern warfare has devised."

"America has had her difficulties. They have not stifled, but have stimulated her energy, and we grasp the opportunity tonight of acknowledging our unbounded admiration of the magnificent contribution America has made, is making and will continue to make in ever-increasing measure. Here again we gratefully trace the guiding hand and driving will of the president."

"Probably the world owes its greatest debt to President Wilson for helping men whose vision has been blurred and blinded by the smoke of the battlefield to lift up their eyes and to look through it and beyond it. It is very difficult in time of war to keep a steady head and clean tongue. President Wilson does both."

"We cannot ask ourselves too often what we are fighting for. President Wilson has done more than any other statesman to concentrate the minds of his own people, of the allies, and even of enemy peoples, upon a league of nations as our dominating war aim."

"There can be no clean peace which does not clear away the causes of war. It seems to me all-important that both here and in America we should realize, and act as though we realized it, that a league of nations is neither a vague political abstraction nor an empty rhetorical formula, but a concrete and a definite ideal."

"This is a large step in advance on the road of human progress, but it can and must be taken, and when the goal is reached, due honor will be paid to President Wilson as the greatest of its pioneers."

At an important representative meeting of Liberals from all parts of the country, held in the house of commons, a platform to fit the present national situation was adopted. It has these planks:

- (1) A league of nations.
 - (2) Control by parliament of the foreign policy and the ratification of treaties.
 - (3) Full restoration of free speech, free press and rights of civil travel.
- These matters are not affirmed, but will be pressed inside parliament. The league question promises to be the great dividing line between the progressive and the reactionary parties at the next election.

W. N. U. 1223

Dogs of War

The Dogs Already Have Their Roll
of Honor

The canine department in the French army is a command in itself; its four-footed recruits are enrolled almost more carefully than real soldiers. They have an official record, a number, an identity plate, and are never lost sight of. The dogs already have their roll of honor. Several have been cited in orders for having saved whole companies by their sagacity; others have enabled surprises to be brought off as well as avoided. As liaison agents they are invaluable, while as ammunition carriers they are practically indispensable. While a few of them can never get used to shot and shell, the majority quickly get as case-hardened as old soldiers. A dog carrying a message through a terrific barrage fire has been seen blown into the air, to come down with a thud that made it senseless, to remain stunned a while, then pick itself up, give itself a good shake, and resume its journey.

Saw Mills Are Busy

Huge Quantities of Lumber Exported
from B. C. This Year

Lumber shipments from British Columbia to overseas points have shown a big increase this year and for the six months ending June 30, the quantity of lumber exported on ships amounts to 24,806,297 feet. The half year is, therefore, better than for the whole of 1917 when the amount of lumber shipped from Vancouver overseas was 18,083,622 feet.

A new mill which has shipped 7,700,000 feet of lumber to China since the first of the year was responsible for a large part of the increased activity. Exports to Australia come next with 5,535,934 feet; then California with 3,150,000 feet; South Africa with 2,325,523 feet; Japan 500,000 feet. There was also a special government cargo of 4,333,438 feet sent to Europe and a shipment of 68,000 box shooks to Singapore.

There is no reason to doubt that the activity will keep up for the balance of the year, and that the total for 1918 will equal, if not exceed, the figures of pre-war days.

Bad Times for U. S. War Profiteers

Committee to Go the Limit in Tak-
ing War Profits

The house ways and means committee of the U. S. congress is going after the ill-gotten wealth of the war contractor profiteer in framing the new \$8,000,000,000 revenue bill.

A retroactive tax bill, which will amount to the practical seizure of super-profits resulting from fat government contracts—particularly as they touch cantonnement building and other "cost plus" arrangements—has the almost unanimous backing of the committee, a poll of members revealed.

Several members made the additional suggestion that as each individual case of profiteering is developed, it be called to the attention of the public and the government department involved.

The first step in the committee's profiteer hunt will be an inquiry. With six weeks in which to frame a bill, the committee is willing to spend half the time, if necessary, at this, and every facility of the treasury department has been offered the committee in its probe.

That profiteering exists, sufficient to warrant such an inquiry, is shown by the president's utterance that the "profiteer is with us" by the recent federal trade commission report and treasury department data, committee members hold.

This proof has been clinched by additional data in the hands of the house committee. This includes the case of a coal company which made 2,000 per cent. and the case of an individual whose income jumped from \$6,500 to \$600,000 in a single year.

The determination of the committee to go the limit in taking war profits is based on the belief that normal business and the country at large should not be asked to bear additional tax burdens until the gains of a few conscienceless individuals and firms are turned back into the federal treasury.

The committee's course also means that they have rejected the argument that there must be large profits if the treasury is to realize any considerable amount on excess profits and income taxes.

Air Raiders Bothered

During their recent raids on Paris the German aviators were greatly disconcerted by rockets which the French sent up and which discharged before dropping, parachutes with brightly burning fuses. These parachutes dropped slowly and their fuses cast a brilliant glare upon hostile airplanes, making them a good target for the anti-aircraft guns. It is a safe guess that the free fireworks were not enjoyed by the Germans.—Popular Science.

Missing Something

Professor—Do you subscribe to the theory of evolution?
Mr. Nuritch—I don't think so.
Where's it published?—Boston Transcript.

AWFUL ATROCITIES OF AUSTRIANS RIVAL THOSE OF THE GERMANS

ITALIANS GIVEN MOST BRUTAL TREATMENT

Prisoners Taken By Austrians are Subjected To Fiendish
Practices, and Death In Many Cases Would Appear More
Preferable To the Victims

Good Roads Saved France

Were It Not for Her Highways the
Germans Would Be in Paris

Good roads have twice saved France in the present war, observes the Farm and Fireside. Had it not been for the radiating road system maintained by the French government, the Germans would have won the battle of the Marne and reached Paris. The Germans had calculated on only three divisions being sent out from Paris to stop the invasion. Instead, the excellent system of highways made it possible for five divisions to be sent to this front. Again, shortly after the battle of Verdun started, the French railroad which was to furnish many of the supplies to the troops was destroyed. The French government, however, had a macadam road thirty-two feet wide on which four lines of traffic, two in either direction, were maintained. Day and night 14,000 motor trucks carried men and equipment.

The traffic never stopped. When a hole was made in the road, a man with a shovel of rock shipped in between the lines of trucks and threw the rock into the hole, then jumped aside to let the truck roll the rock down. Then another man would follow his example, and so on until the hole was filled. Trucks that broke down were shoved aside and repaired almost instantly. Had the French depended on their railroad or on poor highways the Germans would have won the battle.

There are few places in which good roads will win great military victories. But there are many places in which they will win great victories in times of peace. Whenever a crisis—military, economic or social—occurs in the life of a community, the condition of the road is a significant factor in determining whether the community will go up or down, forward or backward. The community with good roads is the community that will deliver the goods when the necessity comes.

The Coal Resources Of Western Canada

Inexhaustible Supply of Coal Avail-
able in These Provinces

According to estimates prepared by expert statisticians, there is enough soft coal in the four western provinces of Canada to supply the whole world for a couple of centuries. The mines of Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia have scarcely been tapped as yet, and have produced a total in one year of around 6,000,000 tons, with a value of over \$25,000,000. The Alberta and Saskatchewan coal fields—which are having a big development—it is said, can supply the demand of the prairie provinces for centuries to come. The coal is of a very good grade, and is equally serviceable for steam purposes and household heating. Steps have also been taken to generate cheap electrical power by establishing power plants at the mouths of good mines. Promotion of this kind has been more or less delayed on account of the financial situation caused by the European war, but there is no doubt that in the future the power question of the prairie provinces will be largely settled by the inexhaustible supply of coal available in these provinces. The Dominion geological survey has estimated that the coal beds of these provinces, with eastern British Columbia, contain a total of 143,490,000 tons, covering an area of 87,000 square miles.

The German Way

Woman to Die as Spy for Asking
Fee About Plans

Miss Milado Jamschek, a teacher of languages, has been sentenced to death by the Vienna military tribunal on a charge of espionage.

Miss Jamschek sailed from New York on the same steamer on which Count von Bernstorff, the former German ambassador to the United States, took passage after the declaration of war by the United States. She was charged with making the trip under the instructions of Czech organizations in America with the purpose of ascertaining through conversation with von Bernstorff how far Austria was under Germany's influence, what prospects there were of Austria making a separate peace, and what was the attitude of the Czech deputies and Bohemians regarding the independence of the Czech-Slovaks.

Miss Jamschek, it is said, denied criminal intent and asserted that she only desired to bring good news to her countrymen from America.

Horrible tales, that rival those which come from Belgium, are drifting out of the district where Austrians have been fighting. An Italian soldier related to a Rome correspondent some of the terrible spectacles of his experience after he had served in the Austrian army and later been taken prisoner by the Russians. He is now a member of the Italian army, where his sympathies always have been.

"I was forced to take the oath of loyalty to Austria," he said describing his induction into the Austrian army. "When I took a medical examination, the doctor said: 'Ah, Italian, and sick, are you?' I know the cure, the one cure for all you traitors—little lead pills administered through the back, you Italian dog."

"Large numbers were condemned for political reasons. They were sent in groups into Galicia and throughout the journey were subjected to insults and constant brutalities. Sometimes they were shut in cattle trucks guarded by soldiers with fixed bayonets. In this manner they journeyed for weeks over the Hungarian plains, over the Carpathians and the lowlands beyond, with nothing to eat except half a loaf of bread and nothing to drink except a mess tin of dirty soup into which the guards spat for amusement. Attached to Hungarian and German companies in the ratio of one man for each platoon they lived hideously in the front line trenches, treated as traitors, insulted and maltreated by their German and Hungarian comrades."

"In 1914, at the time of the Austrian defeat in Galicia, two soldiers, fatigued from the tiring march, fell out. When they got to camp 'field punishment' was ordered for them. This is a barbarous torture much practised in the Austrian army. A stick is fixed in the ground and has a pulley fastened to the top. The victim's hands are bound behind his back, and a cord passing over the pulley hoists him up until he is standing on the tips of his toes. There he is left. Only the strongest endure it for long. I stood it two hours my second time."

"At Trent the famous martyr, Battisti, was tied to a cart and dragged through the city. Officers spat on him and their wives jabbed him with hat pins and umbrellas. A Czech soldier, moved by the sight shouted: 'Long live Battisti, long live liberty!' He was at once arrested and shot. Battisti was hanged."

"Today the manhood of the Trentino is destroyed. Only two months after the outbreak of the war the Austrian government found it necessary to assure the people that only fourteen per cent. of Italian soldiers had been killed. This percentage has increased at a high rate. In defiance of the law, classes which could not be called up in other sections of Austria were called in this district. Even the women were mobilized and sent to work in the trenches, where many of them were killed. More than 10,000 of our people, a third of the population, have been interned."

"At Aldena, a village in the Lagarina valley, the major in command was in the habit of making the women who had remained pass in line across the square. He chose the one that pleased him best and if she did not submit she was given twenty-five lashes and then interned."

"Damiano Chiosa, an old school mate of mine, sentenced to death, was placed in front of a firing squad and tortured for ten minutes while the command to fire was withheld."

"Wounded and discharged soldiers are interned and the separation allowances are not paid their families."

Rolling Stock Bad

German Railways are Suffering from
Effects of the War

In an article in the Berlin Tageblatt, a member of the Reichstag, Herr Goetheim, expresses considerable concern regarding the condition of the rolling stock on the German railways. He says that on one out of every five of his railway journeys in the last two years, his travel was interrupted by delays due to the breaking down of engines. The longer the war lasts, the more serious the condition of the means of transportation becomes, he asserts, and the war can only be won, he points out, if the means of communication do not fail.

Hearing his watch dog barking, a farmer went to the front door. He saw a darkey standing timidly outside the gate.

"Come right on in," the farmer called out. "You know, a barking dog never bites."

"Ah knows dat," replied the negro, "but Ah don't know how soon dis dog's gwine stop barkin'."

Carmen's
Messenger— BY —
HAROLD BINDLOSSWARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued.)

They were silent yet, but after a few moments Foster saw his host glance at the woman.

"What is it you mean to do?" she asked.

"I'm going to Newcastle to try to get some information and papers that will help me to save a friend from serious trouble. That's my first object, but I hope to find out something about a crime in Canada, by which another friend of mine suffered terribly. I may have to steal the papers, and if I get them, I shall have to deal with a gang of dangerous men, who will try to take them back. That's why I want Pete; but he'll probably find it a risky business."

Foster waited anxiously for a reply. He was not justified in expecting it to be favorable, but he did so. The woman seemed to ponder, but presently turned to Pete.

"Ye had better gang."

Pete laughed, a reckless laugh that hinted at a love of excitement and danger.

"Aye," he said, "that's what I was thinking!"

After this the matter was soon arranged, and next morning Foster and Pete set off. They went south by hill tracks, for Foster meant to visit the Garth, but preferred to arrive when dusk was falling. He did not want his visit to be marked, but must see Alice before he embarked upon his new adventure.

The sun was setting behind the moors when they came down the waterside, and leaving Pete in the gloom of the fir wood, he walked through a shrubbery to the house. He had seen nothing to indicate that he was watched and could trust Pete to see that nobody followed him from the road, but he meant to take precautions, and did not want to meet Featherstone. When he left the shrubbery he had only a few yards of open lawn to cross and the light was dim beside the house, but he kept off the gravelled terrace until he was abreast of the door. He was now faced by a difficulty, but must leave something to chance and felt relieved when John answered his quiet knock. The man showed no surprise at seeing him.

"Mr. Featherstone is out, sir, and Mrs. Featherstone is occupied, but Miss Featherstone is at home," he said.

"Will you ask her if she can meet me for a few minutes in the orchard?"

"Very good, sir; I will take your message."

Foster turned away. He had given John no hint to keep his visit secret, because this would be useless. If the old fellow thought it his duty to tell his master, he would do so; if not, one could trust to his discretion. Entering the orchard by an arch in a mossy wall, he waited where a soft light shone into it from the west. Outside the arch, the smooth sweep of lawn ran back into deepening shadow and the bare trees behind it rose, sharp and black, against the sky. Above there was a heavy bank of grey blue clouds.

Then his heart began to beat as Alice appeared in the arch. Her figure was silhouetted against the light and he noted how finely she held herself and moved. Still he could not see her face and waited with some uneasiness until she advanced and gave him her hand.

"I hoped you would come," he said. "But I was half afraid."

Alice smiled and as she turned her head the fading glow touched her face. It gave no hint of resentment or surprise.

"That I would not come?" she suggested. "After all, I really think men are more conventional than us. But why did you not let John bring you in?"

"When I was here last, I noted a change in your father's manner. That is one reason, though there are others. Then I must go in two or three minutes."

Alice looked at him steadily and knew that frankness was best.

"You mean you thought he had lost his confidence in you?"

"I was afraid he might find it getting strained. He seemed disturbed."

"He is disturbed," Alice said quietly. "We have heard nothing from my brother yet."

"One can sympathize with you, but I don't think you have much

ground for uneasiness. Lawrence was told he must be careful, but that was all, and there's no likelihood of his health's suddenly breaking down. Then I understand he was rather irregular about writing home; he forgot now and then."

"He did forget," Alice agreed and fixed her eyes on Foster while a slight flush crept into her face. "Perhaps I had better say I do not altogether share my father's anxiety."

Foster felt a thrill, for he thought she meant she had not lost her confidence in him.

"I'd like to go back and look for Lawrence, but can't do so yet," he said. "For one thing, it might put Daly on his track and it's now important that he shouldn't meet Lawrence in Canada. There have been developments; in fact, I have come to think Daly had something to do with sending the packet I took to Newcastle."

"Then Miss Austin was in the plot against my brother and made use of you?"

"No; she certainly made use of me, but I imagine others made use of her. There is a plot, but I don't believe she knew anything about it."

"I suppose you feel you must defend the girl?"

"In a way," Foster agreed. "Carmen Austin is a friend of mine; but I'm not sure she really needs defending. Anyhow, if I'd known what was in the packet, I wouldn't have taken it."

"Then you have found out what was in it?"

"I have a suspicion. I'm going to see how far it's justified, and if I'm fortunate, rather think the people who sent me to Newcastle will be sorry."

Alice said nothing for a few moments, but he thought she grasped the significance of his hint that he was willing to spoil the plans of Carmen's friends. He did not know if this gave her any satisfaction, and did not expect her to show her feelings.

"Can you tell me anything more?" she asked.

"Yes," he said. "I feel I ought to tell somebody, because it may turn out rather a serious undertaking. One reason for choosing you is that it's a complicated and unlikely fate."

"And you thought I would believe where others might doubt?"

Foster bowed. "I did hope something of the kind. I don't know if I was too venturesome. But if you'll listen—"

She gave him a curious look and he began by telling her of the tragedy at the Hulton mill and Lawrence's meeting of the suppositious watchman. Then he related how he had been tracked through the hills, and explained the conclusions he had arrived at when the light first dawned on him as he puzzled out the matter by the peat stack. She said nothing until he finished, but he thought she looked somewhat moved.

(To Be Continued.)

Food Production in France

French Women Draw the Plows and Harrows

More than 1,000,000 Frenchmen have been killed in war and 1,500,000 are physically unfitted by their injuries to carry on their farm work. The women are managing the farms and doing most of the farm work. In battle zones, such as the Champagne district, women did not forsake their work in the fields, even when German shells were bursting around them. When the cannonading was heavy they lay flat on the ground and as soon as there was a lull they would be up attending to their grape vines. The wives of French farmers have always helped their husbands in the fields. They now do double duty, rising earlier and working later. Horses were conscripted for the army and French women have taken their place to draw the plows and harrows. Food production in France despite the efforts of women, children, and old men and cripples has dropped to one-third.

The Duty of Self Protection

Put out of your mind altogether the notion that this policy of a league of nations is merely sentimental pacifism. It is, on the contrary, a sternly fighting creed. It calls for the allegiance of all men of liberal and humane ideas, and will brace them as nothing else to the horrors and trials of the last stage of this struggle. The defeat of Prussian militarism is the road to the league of nations, and that is what we meant when we proclaimed it to be our main object at the beginning of the war.—Westminster Gazette.

Silk Finish From Tin

It is estimated that at least 5,000 tons of metallic tin are used yearly in England to make tin tetrachloride, which is purchased by silk dyers for weighting and finishing silk. By far the largest percentage of tin recovered from tinplate scrap is now devoted to this purpose by the silk industry, and is lost. It urges that such use be suspended during the war as a tin conservation measure.

Doctor's Orders

"Why do you use such a long cigar holder?" asked Smith.

"The doctor told me to keep away from tobacco," replied Jones.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

SMOKE T & B
TUCKETTS

Money-Making Soldiers

A Scheme Which Has Already Saved the Country Some Hundreds of Pounds

A simple little experiment in economy carried out by one small unit of the British army led to a scheme which has already saved the country some hundreds of pounds.

In order to augment their dwindling regimental funds the "brains" of one of our infantry battalions determined to recover the solder from their used bully-beef tins and turn it into hard cash. To this end they improvised a furnace—an old piece of sheet-iron bent into a cone shape—and collected their camp refuse, ordinarily burned in an incinerator, to serve as fuel. Then, by means of a primitive process, they were able to manufacture small bars of solder, which they put on the market and sold at 4d. a pound.

The success of this little scheme reached the ears of "Q" through the usual channels, and within a few weeks the entire corps area was being circularized on the subject. What one unit could accomplish along these lines another could.

It was calculated that the average number of tins received by a battalion each day was 350, and from such a number about 4½ pounds of solder could be obtained at a minimum cost; that if in one corps of four infantry divisions all the solder from the daily issue of tins was secured by the means of the furnace, a sum of £50 might be realized.

The project offered great possibilities. Why not establish a large improvised furnace in every area and sub-area and conduct the recovery of the solder as a regular business proposition?

It was agreed to experiment on the larger scale, and it was further suggested that the heat generated by burning refuse in the furnaces might be used for obtaining steam for the divisional laundries.

Experiments were again successful and area furnaces established under the supervision of town-majors and sub-area commanders, who were held responsible for the month's solder output.

The means employed is the simplest form of kiln. The tins are fed in through a lid at the top, heated to a moderate temperature, and raked out through a door at the bottom as soon as the solder has had time to melt and run off on to a small concrete floor. Care has to be taken that the tins do not become red hot, and ingenious systems of regulating a draught in the furnace are adopted. When the full amount of solder has been obtained the burnt tins are cleared away, allowed to cool, and later used in the metallurgy of our roads behind the firing lines.

Experience soon taught that the smallest tin used in the process produced 10 oz. of solder per 100 tins, the larger varieties about 16 oz. per 100 tins.—Q.T.

Fifteen boys in his family and every one a "six-footer," the combined height totalling ninety feet, was the boast of a Philadelphia draftee, who was found to be six feet four inches tall.

Cutting and Curing Alfalfa

There Is No Hay Crop That Requires Closer Attention

In cutting and curing hay in general, the importance of securing the best possible quality of the highest feeding value is often not fully realized and, as a result, hay is not always cut at the proper time. It is often cut too late. This practice may result in somewhat heavier crops being harvested but, alas, what is gained in tonnage is generally lost in quality. This is essentially true with regard to alfalfa cut too late.

There is no hay crop that requires closer attention at harvesting time than does alfalfa for the reason that there is no hay crop in which the effect of mistakes in the cutting and curing are likely to be more pronounced. It is therefore of particular importance that alfalfa hay be cut and cured in the most careful manner.

As the value of alfalfa as a hay crop largely depends on its ability to furnish more than one crop a season, it is obvious that cutting should be so timed as to secure not only the best possible first crop but also the heaviest possible second crop. The second crop is produced by new growth starting from the crown of the roots at a time when the plants have reached their greatest vigor. This stage generally coincides with the appearance of the blossoms.

There is no advantage in cutting before the second growth is started; on the other hand, however, there are grave objections to delaying cutting any length of time after the second growth begins to appear. If cutting is delayed too long, the second growth may be cut off by the mower, the result being that the second crop is reduced and delayed. Too late cutting is also likely to cause considerable shattering of leaves in the curing of the hay, resulting in a pronounced lessening of the quantity of the hay secured and a lowering of its feeding value.

It is generally advocated that alfalfa should be cut when "one-tenth in bloom" or a little earlier. The one-tenth in bloom rule applies fairly accurately, generally speaking, but it is by no means invariably reliable. In a wet season the blossoming time is generally delayed and, when the blossoms begin to appear, the second growth may be so tall that it will be cut off by the mower. The safest guide as to time of cutting is therefore not the appearance of the blossoms, but the appearance of the new growth from the crown of the roots. Alfalfa should be cut when the new growth is anywhere from half an inch to one inch long.

Alfalfa hay may be cured either in the windrow or in coils. There are some objections to windrow curing, the principal one being that losses are likely to be incurred through shattering of the leaves. On the other hand, the windrow curing is preferred by many, as it involves less hand labor than curing in coils.

The best hay is obtained through curing in coils. Coil-cured alfalfa hay has generally a better color and aroma than hay cured in the wind-

row. It is also likely to become less dusty and to be of a greater feeding value, because there are fewer chances of losing the leaves through shattering. Coil-curing can be recommended whenever labor is available. How soon after cutting the hay should be coiled, depends largely on weather conditions. In hot weather and bright sunshine hay cut in the morning may be raked and coiled in the afternoon of the same day. If the weather is cloudy and somewhat cool, it may be fit to coil the day after it is cut. It should be coiled when well wilted and before the leaves are so dry as to break off easily. Most satisfactory curing is obtained when the coils are made comparatively small so that the air can circulate freely. If the weather is favorable, the hay may be cured to perfection in the coils, but often it may be advisable, three to four days after cutting, if the weather is warm and sunny, to shake the coils out in the morning and draw to the barn in the afternoon.

Weather Glass

Home-made Barometer That Will Tell Changes of Weather

A test tube about ten inches long and three-fourths inch in diameter is fastened to a base or hung up by a wire. In this test tube are put two drams of camphor, one-half dram of potassium chloride, two ounces of pure alcohol, two ounces of water. If the ingredients do not mix easily, tube should be put in warm water or shaken thoroughly. After a cord is put in the tube, it is ready for work.

Following is the weather which the changes in the liquid denote:

Clear liquid—Bright weather.
Crystals at bottom—Thick air, frost in winter.

Dim liquid—Rain.

Dim liquid with small stars—Thunderstorms.

Large flakes—Heavy air, overcast sky; snow in winter.

Threads in upper part—Windy weather.

Small dots—Damp weather, fog.

Rising flakes which remain high—Wind in upper air.

Small stars in winter or bright, clear, sunny days—Snow in a day or two.

World's Wheat Supply

The international institute of agriculture says that in Denmark, France, Great Britain, Luxemburg, United States, British India, Japan and Tunis, reports indicate areas sown with wheat this year decidedly larger than those of the previous agricultural season. For the United States and for British India, in particular, the increase of winter sowings is about 5 per cent. The condition of crops on May 1 was very good in Ireland, good in Spain, Great Britain, France, Morocco and Tunis. "Both on account of the increase in areas sown and of the decidedly favorable conditions of the crops on May 1, we have the right to expect in the coming summer a better crop of food grain than that in 1917," the statement adds.

"Your lunch will be fresh and tasty at dinner hour to-morrow. It is wrapped in Para-Sani."

PARA-SANI
WRAPPER

Heavy, waxed paper in Household Rolls, with handsome oak Roller-Box. Para-Sani is cheaper and more convenient than waxed paper in loose sheets and the paper is of better quality.



Keeps in the Moisture, keeps out the Germs

Para-Sani is moisture-proof, air-proof, germ-proof. Sandwiches, cakes, bread, cheese can be kept fresh and wholesome if wrapped in Para-Sani. Para-Sani will save many times its cost by preventing waste.

Para-Sani sent prepaid on receipt of Price or C.O.D.

4lb. Roll with Roller Box.....\$2.50
1lb. Roll with Roller Box.....2.20
4lb. Roll without Box.....1.60
1lb. Roll without Box.....1.30
1lb. Roll without Box......90

APPLEFORD COUNTER CHECK BOOK CO., Ltd.

175 McDermot Ave. E. - WINNIPEG, MAN.

MURINE Granulated Eyelids.
Sore Eyes, Eyes Inflamed by Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine. Try it in your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes.
YOUR EYES No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort
Murine Eye Remedy At Your Druggist's or by mail, 50c per bottle. Murine Eye Salve, in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye—Free. Ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS

For the past while back we have tried to show the merchants of Didsbury the advantages to be gained by using the advertising space in **THE PIONEER**.

Now we wish you to be loyal to these merchants. Watch their ads. and buy from them. Show them you do believe in them and prefer to do business with them.

By responding to your merchant's advertising you show him you believe in the welfare of your town, and want him to succeed. When he puts an advertisement in **THE PIONEER** he does it for your information—he has some interesting story to tell you, and he has gone to the trouble to get it up and put it in the paper so you can read it.

Now we ask your help and at the same time you are bound to save money. Watch every advertisement closely. It is bound to have something in it for your benefit.

The DIDSBURY PIONEER

**THIS
SPACE
FOR
SALE**



"SOLD OUT".

No more oleomargarine today. Food supplies in Great Britain are often so short that even the weekly allowance of four ounces of margarine is "postponed".

Neapolis News

R. C. Oldham was an Edmonton visitor last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kiteley entertained several of their friends on Sunday last. They expect to leave Alberta again soon very much to the regret of their friends.

Mr. Wm. Coates' brother and his wife from the U. S. are visiting with him.

Mr. Stewart Tighe went to Edmonton last week and purchased a new threshing outfit and now we all expect him to thresh us.

Mr. McCollie is having a new well drilled.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Devolin returned last Monday from Calgary where they had been to attend the funeral of their little nephew.

Mrs. Harry Pearson was on the sick list last week but is again on the road to recovery.

Al. Cook's new home looks to be nearly finished. A nice improvement, Al., and we'll all come and help you dedicate it if you will let us know when it's all finished.

The A. T. Forster family are out in the foothills for a couple of weeks enjoying their vacation catching fish.

The Mountain View Women's Institute will give a box social and dance at the Donald Rogers farm, formerly known as the Chris. Stendahl farm, on Friday evening, October 4th. Ladies please bring lunch for two. The proceeds will be used for the filling and sending Xmas parcels to our soldiers overseas on active service. Anyone wishing to send a package to relatives or friends will please hand in their names and addresses. Below is one of the many letters received from one of these soldiers.

To the Secretary of the Mountain View Women's Institute:—I wish to thank yourself and the other members of the Mountain View Women's Institute for their kindness in sending the parcel which I received last evening. I must say it came as a surprise, nevertheless it received a warm welcome when it arrived. It is quite obvious that the boys who came over here to do their duty for their country are not being forgotten by the folks at home. The parcel in itself was very good, and contained not only useful things such as writing pad and tobacco but also treats which it is impossible to obtain in this country. When I tasted that cake it reminded me of the happy days I spent near Didsbury and many other places before the war. No I really don't think I could suggest anything which would be more suitable to put in parcels. I think what you have already sent is just right. Hoping you will extend my sincere thanks to all the members of your Institute,

I remain, yours truly,
VICTOR L. SCOTT.

Bergen News

Word has been received that Private Wm. Paine who formerly lived here has been killed in action recently.

Elder Edwardson had a runaway last week doing some damage to his buggy but otherwise escaping serious injury.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. McKnight have just received from their son Harvey, who is in France, two very fine medals, one for bayonet work and the other for shooting. It is to be hoped that he will have a chance to use his knowledge on Fritz or Kaiser Bill.

Crops in this section were badly damaged by hail recently.

The red men are passing through this district daily on their annual hunt.

Olaf Arneson left here last week for Arkansas. Sorry to see him go.

Ben Lutkehaus is doing some breaking for Carl Arneson.

Ira Gamble lost a valuable bull last week. Tough luck.

YOU HAVE THE RIGHT IDEA

when you always deliver your

Cream, Milk, Eggs, Poultry, Etc.

TO THE

Crystal Dairy Ltd.

The place that has always convinced its patrons of its reliability, is established here with thousands of dollars of an investment to always be an asset to this town and to the Dairy Industry of this locality.

We have men in our employ with from 16 to 20 years' experience and who have Diplomas and Provincial License for Cream and Milk Testing and also for manufacturing milk and cream into many finished products.

We appreciate the co-operation that the dairymen are giving us in patronizing us so extensively and in return we always guarantee you courteous and prompt service. As for prices on Cream our patrons realize that we are well equipped and are paying 1c per lb. Butter Fat more for Sweet Cream than any other firm in Alberta. Sour for churning we will pay equal to any.

The milk price owing to condensing has been from 50c to 60c per cwt. higher than elsewhere in the province.

We want your co-operation Dairymen every day the year round to boost and make Didsbury the largest Milk and Cream centre in Alberta.

Phone 86

A. R. KENDRICK, Manager

**Highest Prices, Prompt Pay, Best Tests
AT THE**

Pallesen Creamery DEPOT

Prices will rise and continue to as season advances on Cream, Butter and Eggs at our Branch. We also pay the highest prices for Poultry. Crates free.

Remember we pay cash on every can

Ship to Pallensen's if you always want your cash. Always reliable. The oldest and the largest Creamery in Southern Alberta.

Pallesen, Central Creamery
P. PALLESEN, Prop.

JOHN A. MACDONALD, Manager
DIDSBURY - - - ALBERTA

Notice to Farmers!

**We have opened a Cream
Station at the North end
of town.**

**Highest Market Prices Paid
for CREAM, EGGS and POULTRY**
GIVE US A TRIAL

Campbell & Griffin

Our Motto—"Square Dealing"

From now on and during harvest evenings I will be found at home to accommodate farmers who are unable to bring cream in during the day.

J. A. RUBY, Manager.

Didsbury, Alta

**An advertisement in the
Pioneer always pays**

Grand Complexion Improver Better Than Cosmetics!

When it's so easy to bring back the bloom of youth to faded cheeks, when skin disfigurements can be removed, isn't it foolish to plaster on cosmetics?

Go to the root of the trouble—remove the cause—correct the condition that keeps you from looking as you ought. Use Dr. Hamilton's Pills and very soon you'll have a complexion to be proud of. How much happier you'll feel—pimples gone, cheeks rosy again, eyes bright, spirits good, joyous health again returned. Never a failure with Dr. Hamilton's Pills, get a 25c box today.

50,000 Enlist for Farm

Workers Will Help Illinois Solve Problem of Big Production

Illinois has enlisted more than 50,000 men from stores, banks, offices and non-essential industries to insure the harvesting of big war crops. These workers are expected to do much in solving the Illinois problem of producing 11,000,000 acres of corn and at the same time, harvesting 2,000,000 acres of wheat, 5,000,000 acres of oats, 3,000,000 acres of hay and large acreages of truck fruit and other crops.

The United States department of agriculture, working with the labor division of the Illinois council of defense and through country agents, county farm bureaus and business men's organizations throughout the state, has aimed to make sure that there will be no less whatever in one of the largest plantings in Illinois history.

Training courses for boys conducted by the agricultural colleges in Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maine, Massachusetts, and other states, in co-operation with farm help specialists of the United States department of agriculture, state councils of defense, and public safety commissions, have resulted in placing many hundreds of boys on farms. In these courses city boys have been shown how to harness horses, adjust machinery, feed and milk cows, hoe and cultivate crops, and do many other simple but fundamental farm operations. The result has been the instilling in the boys a liking for farm work and a confidence on the part of the farmers in boy labor.

New Packing Plant

Work has been commenced on the erection of a \$100,000 abattoir and packing plant at Prince Albert, Saskatchewan. It will be in operation early in September and will handle one hundred head of cattle a day and one hundred hogs an hour.

The progress of the cattle industry at Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan, has necessitated an extension of the packing plant there. Work has been started on this addition, and it is to be rushed to completion with all possible speed. It will involve an expenditure of \$70,000.

MONEY ORDERS

Pay your out of town accounts by Dominion Express Money Orders. Five dollars costs three cents.

AGENTS WANTED, \$1,000—You can make it in your county with our fast selling Combination Cooker. One salesman banks \$388.55 the first month. Another agent sells 20 in two hours. Others cleaning up \$10 daily. No capital necessary. Goods shipped to reliable men on time. Territory going fast. Write quick to secure your field. Combination Products Co., 100 Thomas Bldg., Foster, Que.

SMOKE TACKETTS ORINOCO CUT FINE FOR CIGARETTES

Start a Club in your town, where the young people can gather. We build small tables for homes, and larger ones for public rooms. Equipment free. Write us at once for full particulars.

Dept. "C" **SAMUEL MAY & CO.**
102-104 Adelaide St. W., Toronto

COOK'S COTTON ROOT COMPOUND

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength. No. 1, \$1; No. 2, \$2; No. 3, \$5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid in plain package on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: **THE COOK MEDICINE CO.** Toronto, Ont. (Formerly Windsor.)

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No. 1, 2, 3. Used in French Hospitals with great success, cures chronic weakness, loss of vigor, piles, either no. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

W. N. U. 1223

Prussians Glory In Wanton Outrages

Miserable Misconception That the World Can Thereby Be Cowed

The world has long since abandoned hope of understanding the Prussian psychology which glorifies in such wanton outrages in defiance of all the canons of humanity. We have been forced by the frequency of the attacks on hospital ships, hospitals and churches to believe that the German commanders deliberately prefer such targets in some miserable misconception that the world can thereby be cowed into submission by frightfulness.

After what has happened to the Llandovery Castle there should be no more suggestion of trusting American hospital ships to the good faith of U-boat commanders.—From the Pittsburgh Dispatch.

Sleep is the great nourisher of infants, and without peaceful sleep the child will not thrive. This cannot be got if the infant be troubled with worms. Miller's Worm Powders will destroy worms and drive them from the system, and afterwards the child's rest will be undisturbed. The powders can not injure the most delicate baby, and there is nothing so effective for restoring the health of a worm-worm infant.

Boasts Don't Fill Empty Stomachs

What the Austrian people appear to want is a larger ration of food and a shorter ration of government lies about what is going on at the front.—Kansas City Star.

PAIN? NOT A BIT! LIFT YOUR CORNS OR CALLUSES OFF

No humbug! Apply few drops then just lift them away with fingers.

This new drug is an ether compound discovered by a Cincinnati chemist. It is called freezone, and can now be obtained in tiny bottles as here shown at very little cost from any drug store. Just ask for freezone. Apply a drop or two directly upon a tender corn or callus and instantly the soreness disappears. Shortly you will find the corn or callus so loose that you can lift it off, root and all, with the fingers.

Not a twinge of pain, soreness or irritation; not even the slightest smarting, either when applying freezone or afterwards.

This drug doesn't eat up the corn or callus, but shrivels them so they loosen and come right out. It is no humbug! It works like a charm. For a few cents you can get rid of every hard corn, soft corn or corn between the toes, as well as painful calluses on bottom of your feet. It never disappoints and never burns, bites or inflames. If your druggist hasn't any freezone yet, tell him to get a little bottle for you from his wholesale house.

England's Bit

The enquiry is sometimes heard whether England is doing as it ought to in the war.

When we are suffering from 30,000 to 40,000 casualties a week and have kept it up for three years, when we have stood pat under the stress of air raids, and gone without meat and butter and sugar without complaining, and have sent so many men into the army that the biggest machine shops in the country are operated almost exclusively by women, and have paid taxes such as we haven't yet contemplated—then and not till then will we begin to have the right to enquire whether England is doing all it can.—Kansas City Star.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Tall Tale From Dakota

"Speaking of farming," said the visitor from the west; "we have some farms out in Dakota that are quite sizeable. I've seen a man on one of our big farms start out in the spring and plow a straight furrow till fall. Then he harvested back."

"Wonderful!" said the listener. "On our Dakota farms," he went on, "it is the usual thing to send young married couples out to milk the cows. Their children return with the milk."

The Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Company is going ahead rapidly with work on new elevators in the province. Seven elevators have already been erected this season and work is proceeding on four others. One new elevator has been purchased at Surbiton. The elevators completed this year by the construction department of the company are located at Glidden, Scott, Drake, Lawson, Plenty, Kinley, Melfort and Senate.



Captured Enemy Trade

At Brighton, Eng., Bernard Oppenheimer is spending \$100,000 on a scheme for employing disabled soldiers and sailors in the diamond cutting industry. He is working in conjunction with the ministry of pensions and is building a factory capable of employing 1,500 men. A minimum weekly wage of £2 after six weeks' training is agreed upon. The project is an effort to capture this trade from the Germans, who almost monopolized it before the war. Ninety-nine per cent. of the diamonds the Germans were cutting came from British possessions.

No one need endure the agony of corns with Holloway's Corn Cure at hand to remove them.

He Sees the Finish

Kaiser Bill Realizes That the Worst Is Coming

"The hardest part of the job is still before us. The enemy knows the war is about to reach the point of decision and is summoning all his strength for a final defense and counter-offensive."

This was the observation of the German emperor, recorded by Karl Rosner in the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger and apparently made on the eve of Gen. Foch's offensive. On the same occasion Field Marshal von Hindenburg gave Rosner the following statement:

"It is to be hoped the people at home are full of confidence. But they are not learned in patience. I hope nothing is so promptly punished, as over-haste is no good."

"Preparation is half the battle, and the people must remember we are not working with machines that can be smashed as soon as the job is completed. We are working with the most sacred thing we possess, namely, the blood and life of the German people. Our last reserves must be strong men who will return from the trenches to take up peace tasks. We must not be left at the end like smashed machines, but must be strong and unweakened."

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

Strawberries Grown Under Irrigation

The first of this year's strawberries grown under irrigation in Southern Alberta have just been sold. They were grown at Cluny, Alberta. The berries were fine and large. By reason of the fact that Alberta strawberries become ready for market only when those from the south and west are getting scarce, the growing of this fruit under irrigation in Southern Alberta is likely to become very profitable.

MOTHERS OF CANADA

PREPARE FOR TROUBLE

When a girl becomes a woman, when a woman becomes a mother, and when a woman passes through the changes of middle life, are the three periods of life when health and strength are most needed to withstand the pain and distress often caused by severe organic disturbances. Many thousands in this section would testify as to the following:

St. Catharines, Ont.—"Over forty years ago I was restored to health by taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It was after medicine and doctors had failed to help me or give relief. I had, through overwork, become all run-down in health. I was weak and finally became a nervous wreck. The 'Prescription' was recommended to me, and at the time I started to take it I had not been able to do anything for over a year. I took the 'Favorite Prescription' as well. It took several bottles, but I was completely restored to good health and since that time when I have felt the need of these medicines I have taken them and always with perfect satisfaction."—Mrs. Wm. Baker, 33 Page St.

Stratford, Ont.—I was all run-down, weak, nervous. I also suffered with severe pains through my back. I was very miserable when a friend advised me to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and one bottle seemed to give renewed strength. It stopped the pain in my back, also helped my nervous condition. It is surely a good tonic for women.—Mrs. Florence Oullum, 100 Milton St.

Crop Prospects Good

Railway Official's Conclusion Following Western Tour

"After an extended tour through the west, both over the C.P.R. and other lines, during which I looked carefully into crop prospects, I think it is safe to conclude that, with the increased acreage under cultivation Western Canada this year will produce at least as many bushels of grain as last year, provided, of course, that conditions continue as favorable as they are at present." This was the statement made on July 15th by Mr. C. E. McPherson, assistant passenger traffic manager of the C.P.R. at Winnipeg, while in Montreal on a business trip.

Mr. McPherson said that in some parts of Alberta and Saskatchewan drought and winds had cut into the possibilities of the harvest very seriously, while in larger districts recent rains had helped the growing grain along wonderfully, so that where a few weeks ago there was little in sight it now seemed likely there would be at least fair crops. In Manitoba, which province had during recent years fallen behind in wheat production, Mr. McPherson said the prospects were particularly good, with a largely increased area of wheat acreage, and every prospect of abundant yields.

So far as passenger business was concerned, Mr. McPherson said that the roads in the west had never done better than during the present year. As to American tourist business, particularly toward the far west, Mr. McPherson said it was too early to make any predictions, but the prospects pointed to at least as good a season as last year, while the number of visitors to the Rocky Mountain resorts was well up to the average.

Mr. McPherson will return to Winnipeg in a few days.

Catarhal Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Circulars free. All Druggists, 75c. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Good Fruit Yield Expected

The general fruit conditions throughout the province of British Columbia are very encouraging and a crop equal to or a little better than last year's is promised, according to a report issued by the horticultural branch of the provincial government. Prices are ranging much higher than usual, and everything points to good financial returns to the growers.

For Burns and Scalds.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will take the fire out of a burn or scald more rapidly than any other preparation. It should be at hand in every kitchen so that it may be available at any time. There is no preparation required. Just apply the oil to the burn or scald and the pain will abate and in a short time cease altogether.

Germany's Industrial Downfall

The Price of the War to Germany Will Be a Gigantic Heritage of Woe

When the war was begun by Germany Herr Albert Ballin was a power in that land. He was practically the creator of Germany's mercantile marine, whose flag was on every sea before the war. Now he is a broken man. He knows that Germany is ruined, her industrial power gone, but no one listened to his warnings at the beginning of hostilities. Now Herr Ballin is a prophet that Germany would rather not hear from—the truth is dawning. As a sea-going nation it will take many years to rebuild the work of many years. All the allied nations have increased their shipping so that even the freedom of the seas will long be valueless to Germany after the war. Herr Ballin told the war lords that nothing in the war could possibly compensate Germany for the loss of her overseas trade. Today Germany doesn't float a merchant ship on any sea. Her ports are closed, her industries, except for war, at a standstill, and every overseas country which formerly took her exports and from which she received her raw materials either is at war with her or has severed all relations. America, which had no merchant marine when Germany provoked her to war, is now on the way to becoming the world's greatest maritime power. The price of the war to Germany will be a gigantic heritage of woe to her future generations.—Regina Leader.

Where He Said It

Dr. Nicolai, former professor in Berlin University, says Germans expect their government in future to pay only 2 per cent. on war loans, adding 3 per cent. to the principal. He had to escape from Berlin to Denmark in an airplane to say it.—New York World.

DOUGLAS' INFANT TABLETS
Cures Worms, Stomach & Teething Troubles
FORMERLY HENNEQUINS
FOR BABIES AND SMALL CHILDREN
Contains no harmful drugs. 25c per box or 6 boxes by mail on receipt of \$1.00.
Douglas & Co., Napanee, Ont.

Couldn't Wake 'em Up

The impossible simply can't be accomplished, even for the war bands. Thus, a British aviator's pamphlets brought no subscriptions when they fluttered down from the clouds urging people to "Wake Up and Buy War Bonds," and landed in Chelmsford cemetery.

MAKE YOURSELF STRONG

People with strong constitutions escape most of the minor ills that make life miserable for others. Don't you envy the friend who does not know what a headache is, whose digestion is perfect, and who sleeps soundly at night? How far do you come from this description? Have you ever made an earnest effort to strengthen your constitution, to build up your system to ward off discomfort and disease? Unless you have an organic disease it is generally possible to so improve your physical condition that perfect health will be yours. The first thing to be done is to build up your blood as poor blood is the source of physical weakness. To build up the blood Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is just the medicine you need. Every dose helps to make new blood which reaches every nerve and every part of the body, bringing color to the cheeks, brightness to the eyes, a steadiness to the hands, a good appetite and splendid energy. Thousands throughout the country whose condition once made them despair, owe their present good health to this medicine. If you are one of the weak and ailing give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial and note the daily gain in new health and abounding vitality.

You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Helping the Farmer

To assist farmers in providing themselves with cattle, the live stock branch of the department of agriculture of Saskatchewan will have a number of pure bred bulls and grade heifers on exhibition and sale at the various exhibitions to be held at towns throughout the province. These animals will be sold at cost to farmers who satisfy the provincial authorities that they are capable of taking care of cattle. An initial payment of one-third cash is required on the heifers and one-quarter cash on the bulls.



Ingram's Milkweed Cream

When youth takes flight on the wings of years beauty of complexion goes too, unless you give your skin proper and daily care. Use of Ingram's Milkweed Cream will enable you to appear youthful when you are no longer young. Its distinctive remedial effect upon the tissues of the skin keeps the complexion colorful, soft and free from blemish. It does actually "healthify" and beautify your complexion. Since 1885 there's been nothing else "just as good." Take no other. Two sizes, 50c and \$1.00.

Warm days, household work, and kitchen heat, all cause perspiration and shiny, oily skin. You can avoid this by using Ingram's Vaseline Souveraine Face Powder, 50c. It blends perfectly with the complexion. A light touch hides little blemishes, makes your complexion smooth, soft and flawless. A full line of Ingram's toilet products, including Zedenta for the teeth, 25c, is at your druggist's.

A Picture With Each Purchase

Each time you buy a package of Ingram's Toilet aids or Perfume your druggist will give you, without charge, a large portrait of a world-famed motion picture actress. Each time you get a different portrait so you make a collection for your home. Ask your druggist.

F. F. Ingram Co., Windsor, Ontario.

AROUND THE TOWN

Patronize the Red Cross dinner and supper in the Leuszler block Fair day.

Mrs. W. H. Chambers left for a few days holidays at Calgary on Wednesday.

Lunch will be served at the Fair grounds by the W. C. T. U. Come along and have a good cup of coffee.

Miss Eva Sexsmith leaves for Kingston, Ont., again on Saturday to continue her course in music in the University.

Come to the Fair yourself, bring the wife and kiddies if you have them, if not come anyway and bring your best girl.

Mrs. Frank Baines will bring a coming two year old calf and Mrs. Ed. Bains one pair geese to the Fair to be auctioned off for the Red Cross.

The Rugby Women's Institute will meet at the home of Mrs. I. Vipond on Thursday, October 3rd, when arrangements will be made for a Red Cross sale. A full meeting is requested.

Mrs. A. W. Bahm of Elkton received a telegram on Friday stating that his daughter, Mrs. Isom, had died suddenly at Tenno, Wash., where she has been residing since she left Elkton two years ago.

The weather has changed. On Sunday night a heavy downpour of rain occurred and ever since the skys have been gloomy and threatening, which makes the farmer smile as it adds a little more moisture for next spring's work.

Don't forget the Society that is the most important of any war effort is asking for your patronage on Fair day, Friday, for dinner and supper in the Leuszler block. The ladies are working hard for this purpose so patronize the Red Cross. You have to eat that day so give them the chance to supply your wants.

The annual meeting of the Didsbury Branch of the Red Cross Society will be held on Tuesday afternoon next, October 1st, in the Red Cross rooms. All members are re-

quested to make a special effort to be present and the general public will be made welcome, men as well as women. This is a very important meeting.

The many old time friends of Mr. C. Hiebert will be sorry to learn that he has had to have one of his legs amputated above the knee close to the hip. He went to the Calgary General hospital some time ago because of the trouble he was having which resulted as stated above. The cause of the amputation it is stated was cancer, from which he has been suffering for a long time.

The Harmattan tent meetings closed Sunday night, Sept. 15th. The last service was the best attended of any, there being one hundred and fifty people inside the tent. Sixteen autos were on the grounds besides many teams and saddle horses. The Pentecostal Nazarene church services will be continued at Harrison school, Harmattan, for the present. Services every Sunday. Sunday school at 10.30 and preaching at 11 a.m. (old time).

The Hiltz family had a narrow escape from serious injury on Sunday last when their car ran over the side of the hill at the Hunsperger coulee. Something went wrong with the car and they had to get help to pull it up. In some way a rope got under one of the wheels which threw the car over to one side and over the bank. All the family were in the car at the time but excepting for bruises no one was seriously injured.

The death of Mrs. W. Garner took place on Monday. It was known when she was brought back from the hospital a short time ago that she could not recover. She was of a very quiet and unassuming disposition but one who filled a very great position in the religious and moral activities of the community and leaves a large number of friends who will miss her. Mr. Garner and the family have the sincerest sympathy of a large circle of acquaintances in their loss.

RED CROSS BULLETIN

The Society acknowledges with thanks the following contributions:
Mrs. E. H. Olsen.....\$20.00
Fischer Bros., proceeds
from barn dance..... 44.00
New member---Miss L. Vogel.

Don't forget that the Society will serve dinner and supper in the Leuszler block on Fair day, Friday. Patronize the Society which is doing such splendid work for our men overseas.

The annual meeting of the Didsbury branch will be held on Tuesday afternoon next in the Red Cross rooms to receive reports and to elect officers for the coming year. All members are especially requested to attend and the general public is also invited and will be made welcome.

The following letter from the Hon. Treasurer of the Alberta Provincial Branch, Miss Pinkham, has been received and will explain itself:

To the Secretary Didsbury Red Cross:

We beg to acknowledge receipt of your letter of the 19th inst., enclosing cheque for One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) which we note is a donation from the Didsbury Branch to the General Funds of the Society, \$847.00 being the proceeds of a sale held by the Didsbury and Mountain View Women's Institutes. We herewith enclose official receipt No. 8308.

We are delighted with this splendid contribution, and certainly think the members should feel proud of the wonderful success which attended their efforts. With kindest regards, and thanking you all most heartily, I remain,
Yours faithfully,
M. PINKHAM.

You need not send away for that printing, the Pioneer office is well equipped for the work

UNION BANK

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A Valuable Feature of a Joint Account

opened with the Union Bank of Canada in the names of two persons, is that if one dies the family funds are not tied up just when they are likely to be most needed. The survivor can withdraw the money without delay or formality.

Think it over—then open a Joint Account.

T.W. Cuncannon, Mgr. Didsbury Branch
J.B. Wilson, Manager Carstairs Branch

Didsbury Opera House

Saturday, Sept. 21st

at 8.30 p.m.

Special Bluebird Feature
Carmen Myers

— in —

"My Unmarried Wife"

Also a reel of Comic

PRICES 30c and 20c

A new improved Powers
No. 6 Moving Machine

has been installed. No more flickers and a steady light

WM. FARRINGTON, Mgr. & Prop.

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UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER

Moved to residence opposite J. M. Reed's house, Hespeler Street.

Phone 140

DIDSBURY, -o- ALTA



King Hiram Lodge No. 21, A.F. & A.M. Meets every Tuesday evening on or before full moon. All visiting brethren welcome.

DR. W. G. EVANS, GEO. LIESEMER, Secretary. W. M.



DIDSBURY LODGE NO. 18, I.O.O.F. Meets in Oddfellows Hall, Didsbury, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock sharp. Visiting Oddfellows always welcome.

S.R. WOOD, Sec. J.H. ANDERSON, N.G.

Dr. W. MacL. Duncan, D.D.S. Dental Surgeon

Graduate Chicago College of Dental Surgery.

Office opposite Rosebud Hotel, Osler street. Business Phone 120

Didsbury - - - Alberta

Earle E. Freeman, L.L.B. (Successor to W. A. ATSTIN)

Solicitor for Union Bank of Canada, Royal Bank of Canada, Western Mutual Fire Insurance Co. Town of Didsbury.

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Physician, Surgeon

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Graduate University of Manitoba. Late senior house surgeon of St. Michael's hospital, Newark, N. J.

Office and residence: One block west of Union Bank.

PHONE 128

DIDSBURY, - - - ALBERTA

DR. A. J. MALMAS,

VETERINARY SURGEON,

Graduate of the Ontario Veterinary College.

Obstetrics, Surgery and Animal Dentistry a Specialty.

Calls answered day or night.

PHONE 143

Residence King Edward St., DIDSBURY

WESTERDALE METHODIST CHURCH

Pastor—Rev. H. Brooke

Services for Sunday, Sept. 29th, 1918 -

Westerdale—11 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

Harrison—2 p.m.

Ardmore—4 p.m.

Rally day, special themes, special music

Week-night Prayer Service, Wednesday, 8.30 p.m., in the parsonage. A cordial welcome extended to all.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

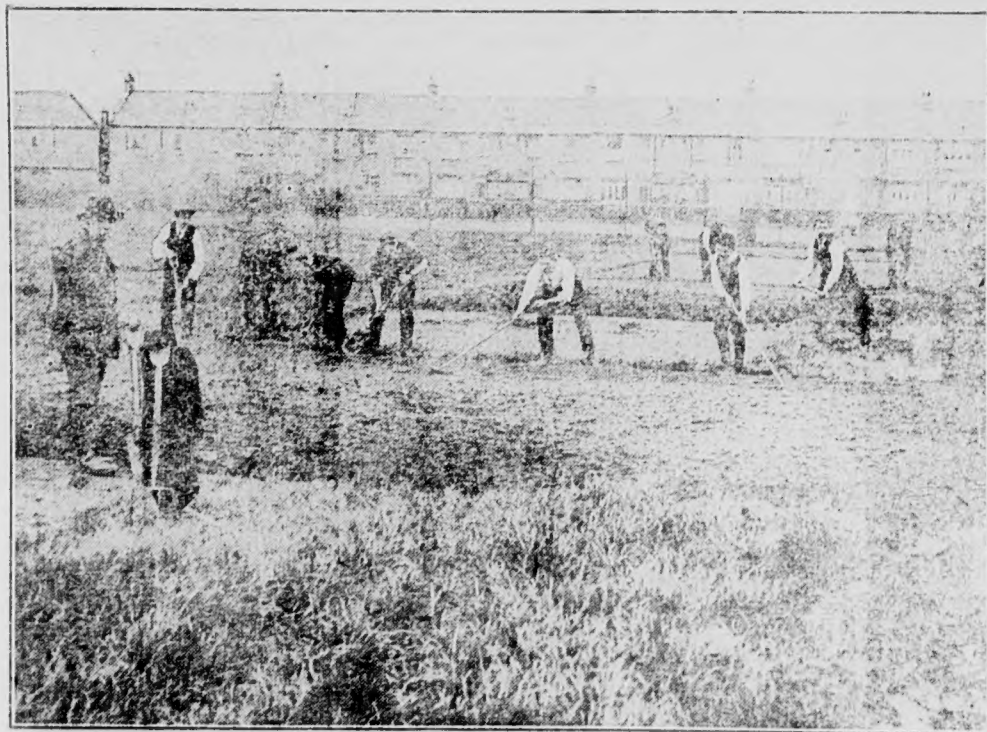
Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions. In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price \$3 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G., Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B. — Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for. —1141.



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